## Supplemental Table e-1.

Baseline demographics, PET, CSF, and MRI values in three-category ATN classification in SCD


Analyses were performed using ANOVA and Fisher's exact test. ${ }^{*}$ : p-value $<0.05$. $\$$ : average between left and right side. $\#$ : values are dichotomized into 0 counts and $\geq 1$ counts. N shown is number of participants with $\geq 1$ counts.
MMSE=mini-mental state examination; $\mathrm{PET}=$ positron emission tomography; $\mathrm{CSF}=$ cerebrospinal fluid; $\mathrm{MRI}=$ magnetic resonance imaging; MTA=medial temporal atrophy; GCA=global cortical atrophy; $\mathrm{PA}=$ parietal atrophy
Normal $A D$ biomarkers: A-T-N-; Non-AD pathologic change: A-T-N+, A-T+N-, A-T+N+;
Alzheimer's continuum: A+T-N-, A+T-N+, A+T+N-, A+T+N

## Supplemental Table e-2.

Baseline demographics, PET, CSF, and MRI values of control group without SCD

|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A-T-N- } \\ & \mathrm{N}=71 \\ & (57.3 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A-T-N+ } \\ & \mathrm{N}=21 \\ & (16.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{A}-\mathbf{T}+\mathbf{N}- \\ & \mathrm{N}=12 \\ & (9.7 \%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{A - T}+\mathbf{N}+ \\ & \mathrm{N}=3 \\ & (2.4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A+T-N- } \\ & \mathrm{N}=0 \\ & (0 \%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A+T-N+ } \\ & \mathrm{N}=0 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{A + T + N -} \\ & \mathrm{N}=12 \\ & (9.7 \%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{A + T}+\mathbf{N}+ \\ & \mathbf{N}=5 \\ & (4.0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | P-value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Demographics | Age, mean (SD) | 66.4 (4.9) | 69.0 (7.0) | 69.7 (4.5) | 84.7 (8.0) | NA | NA | 71.6 (6.9) | 79.3 (5.7) | 0.00* |
|  | Sex, n female (\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 39 \\ & (54.9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 7 (33.3\%) | 5 (41.7\%) | 3 (100\%) | NA | NA | 8 (66.7\%) | 3 (60\%) | 0.19 |
|  | Education, mean (SD) | 5 (1) | 5 (1) | 5 (2) | 5 (2) | NA | NA | 5 (1) | 6 (1) | 0.07 |
|  | MMSE, mean (SD) | 29 (1) | 29 (1) | 29 (2) | 27 (1) | NA | NA | 28 (2) | 29 (1) | 0.01* |
|  | APOE E4 carriers, n (\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 21 \\ & (29.6 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 6 (30\%) | 5 (41.7\%) | 1 (33.3\%) | NA | NA | 8 (66.7\%) | 3 (60\%) | 0.14 |

Analyses were performed using ANOVA and Fisher's exact test. *: p-value $<0.05$.
MMSE=mini-mental state examination
NA: not applicable.

## Supplemental Table e-3.

Clinical progression in three ATN categories in SCD

|  |  | Details clinical progression |  |  |  | Cox proportional hazard models |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N | Total, n (\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MCI}, \\ & \mathrm{n} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{AD}, \\ & \mathrm{n} \end{aligned}$ | Other dementia, n | Progression to dementia | Progression to MCI or dementia |
| Normal $A D$ biomarkers | 175 | 9 (5\%) | 7 | 0 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \text { (reference) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 \\ & \text { (reference) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-AD pathologic change | 90 | 6 (7\%) | 2 | 2 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.2(0.6- \\ & 17.8) \end{aligned}$ | 0.9 (0.3-2.6) |
| Alzheimer's continuum | 77 | 31 (40\%) | 15 | 14 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 17.0(3.6- \\ & 79.0) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.5 \text { (3.4- } \\ & 16.5) \end{aligned}$ |

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## Supplemental Table e-4.

Relationship between three-category ATN classification and baseline and longitudinal cognition in SCD

|  | Baseline |  | Longitudinal |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non-AD pathologic change | Alzheimer's continuum | Non-AD pathologic change | Alzheimer's continuum |
| VAT-A | -0.05 (0.08) | -0.12 (0.09) | -0.04 (0.08) | -0.54 (0.08)* |
| RAVLT immediate recall | 0.90 (0.79) | -1.15 (0.95) | -0.94 (0.45) | -2.16 (0.45)* |
| RAVLT delayed recall | 0.16 (0.26) | -0.86 (0.31)* | -0.36 (0.14)* | -0.75 (0.14)* |
| Digit span forward | 0.23 (0.25) | 0.32 (0.30) | -0.08 (0.08) | -0.10 (0.08) |
| Digit span backward | 0.41 (0.22) | 0.26 (0.27) | -0.03 (0.09) | -0.22 (0.09)* |
| Animal fluency | 0.45 (0.50) | 0.07 (0.60) | -0.07 (0.21) | -0.68 (0.22)* |
| TMT-A | -0.01 (0.03) | -0.04 (0.04) | -0.01 (0.02) | -0.04 (0.02)* |
| TMT-B | -0.04 (0.03) | -0.06 (0.04) | -0.02 (0.01) | -0.07 (0.02)* |
| Stroop I | -0.00 (0.02) | -0.00 (0.02) | 0.00 (0.01) | -0.02 (0.01)* |
| Stroop II | -0.01 (0.02) | -0.04 (0.02) | -0.00 (0.01) | -0.03 (0.01)* |
| Stroop III | -0.01 (0.02) | -0.04 (0.03) | -0.01 (0.01) | -0.04 (0.01)* |

Values given are Beta (SE), corrected for age, sex, education, as estimated by Linear Mixed Models (reference category: normal AD biomarkers). Beta baseline $=$ association between ATN category and baseline test result. Beta longitudinal $=$ association with annual decline. Note that TMT-A, TMT-B, Stroop I, Stroop II, Stroop III are log transformed and inversed.

* p-value remaining significant after FDR correction with $q$ set at 0.05

VAT=Visual Association Test; RAVLT=Rey Auditory Verbal Learning Test; TMT=Trail Making Test

## Supplemental Table e-5.

Relationship between ATN categories and cognition in control group without SCD

|  | Baseline |  | Longitudinal |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Non-AD pathologic <br> change | Alzheimer's <br> continuum | Non-AD pathologic <br> change | Alzheimer's <br> continuum |
| VAT-A | $0.05(0.17)$ | $-0.55(0.23)$ | $0.02(0.11)$ | $0.01(0.15)$ |
| RAVLT immediate recall | $0.31(1.57)$ | $-2.44(2.12)$ | $-1.24(0.79)$ | $-1.78(1.10)$ |
| RAVLT delayed recall | $-0.18(0.51)$ | $-0.66(0.70)$ | $-0.19(0.27)$ | $-0.57(0.38)$ |
| Digit span forward | $-0.31(0.38)$ | $-0.09(0.51)$ | $0.08(0.19)$ | $-0.06(0.26)$ |
| Digit span backward | $-0.33(0.34)$ | $-0.05(0.45)$ | $-0.29(0.18)$ | $-0.33(0.25)$ |
| Animal fluency | $-2.48(1.27)$ | $0.88(1.70)$ | $0.14(0.73)$ | $-0.96(1.00)$ |
| TMT-A | $-0.03(0.06)$ | $0.02(0.08)$ | $-0.01(0.03)$ | $-0.08(0.04)$ |
| TMT-B | $-0.01(0.07)$ | $-0.03(0.09)$ | $-0.07(0.03)$ | $-0.05(0.04)$ |

Values given are Beta (SE), corrected for age, sex, education, as estimated by Linear Mixed Models (reference category: normal AD biomarkers). Beta baseline $=$ association between ATN category and baseline test result. Beta longitudinal $=$ association with annual decline. Note that TMT-A and TMT-B are log transformed and inversed.

* p -value remaining significant after FDR correction with q set at 0.05

VAT=Visual Association Test; RAVLT=Rey Auditory Verbal Learning Test; TMT=Trail Making Test


[^0]:    a: Cox proportional hazard models, adjusted for age, sex and education. Data is presented as Hazard Ratio (HR) ( $95 \%$ CI).
    $\mathrm{MCI}=$ mild cognitive impairment; $\mathrm{AD}=\mathrm{Alzheimer}$ 's disease

