**APPENDIX E-1-Aicardi Criteria**

The Aicardi criteria, used as the inclusion criteria of patients in this study, are those used previously in the literature and are the following1,3,6,7. (1) paroxysmal episodes of hemiplegia; (2) episodes of bilateral hemiplegia, or quadriplegia; (3) other paroxysmal manifestations such as abnormal eye movements, nystagmus, strabismus, ataxia, dystonia, choreoathetosis, tonic spells, or autonomic disturbance which can occur during hemiplegia or as isolated events; (4) evidence of permanent neurologic dysfunction which can manifest as mental retardation, developmental delay, and/or persistent motor deficits such as spastic diplegia/quadriplegia, hypotonia, ataxia choreoathetosis or dystonia; (5) sleep during a paroxysmal attack relieves symptoms, although attacks may resume soon after awakening; (6) the first signs of dysfunction occur prior to the age of 18 months.