

CHAPTER FOUR

RESULTS

Table 1: Soil carbon stock in different soil fractions at 0 – 10 cm in the Guinea savanna agro-ecological zone of Ghana

Forest reserve	Carbon stock (Mg C/ha) in the different soil fractions			*Mean
	Small Macroaggregates (250 -2000 µm)	Microaggregates (53 – 250 µm)	Silt + Clay (< 53 µm)	
Kenikeni	5.01	4.80	12.41	7.41
Sinsablegbinni	7.35	8.30	12.11	9.26
Klupene	5.68	4.82	12.61	7.70
*Mean	6.02	5.98	12.38	
Lsd (5%)		‡1.76 †3.04		
Fpr		‡‡<0.001 ††0.009		
CV (%)		32.20		

*Mean value for reserve; *Mean value of soil fraction, †Lsd for forest reserves; ‡Lsd for different soil fractions; ‡‡Fpr for different soil fractions; ††Fpr for forest reserves

Table 2: Soil carbon stock in different soil fractions with distance from dominant tree in different forest reserves of Guinea savanna zone of Ghana

Forest reserve	Distance from dominant tree	SCS (Mg C/ha) in different soil fractions		
		SM	M	S + C
Kenikeni	Sub-canopy	5.43	4.63	12.48
	Drip line	4.33	2.99	11.37
	$\frac{1}{2}(SC + DL) \times 2$	5.27	6.78	13.38
Sinsablegbinni	Sub-canopy	6.45	6.22	12.30
	Drip line	8.07	10.37	12.55
	$\frac{1}{2}(SC + DL) \times 2$	7.55	8.33	11.47
Klupene	Sub-canopy	7.09	5.74	13.32
	Drip line	5.67	4.40	15.89
	$\frac{1}{2}(SC + DL) \times 2$	4.28	4.31	8.62
Lsd (5%)		5.27		
Fpr		0.85		
CV (%)		32.2		

$\frac{1}{2}(SC + DL) \times 2$ = Twice the distance from base of tree to the drip line; SM = Small Macroaggregates; M = Microaggregates, S+ C = Silt + Clay

Table 3: Spatial distribution of carbon stock from dominant tree under three forest reserves in the Guinea savanna zone of Ghana

Forest reserve	Distribution of carbon stock (Mg C/ha) with distance from dominant tree species			*Mean
	Sub-canopy	Drip line	$\frac{1}{2}(SC + DL) \times 2$	
Kenikeni	7.51	6.23	8.47	7.40
Sinsablegbinni	8.32	10.33	9.11	9.26
Klupene	8.72	8.65	5.74	7.70
*Mean	8.18	8.40	7.77	
Lsd (5%)			[†] 1.76 [‡] 1.76	
Fpr			^{‡‡} 0.773	
CV (%)			32.20	

*Mean value for reserve; *Mean value for distance from dominant tree, [†]Lsd for forest reserves; [‡]Lsd for sampling spot from the dominant tree; $\frac{1}{2}(SC + DL) \times 2$ = Twice the distance from base of tree to the drip line; ^{‡‡}Fpr for sampling spot from the dominant tree

Table 4: Soil chemical characteristics of different reserves in the Guinea savanna agro-ecological zone of Ghana

Forest Reserve	Depth (cm)	Soil chemical properties		
		SOC (%)	N (%)	P (mg/kg)
Kenikeni	0-10	0.71	0.07	7.92
	10-20	0.74 (0.72)	0.07 (0.07)	5.61 (6.77)
Sinsablegbinni	0-10	0.80	0.08	5.66
	10-20	0.80 (0.80)	0.08 (0.08)	24.97 (15.31)
Klupene	0-10	0.72	0.05	7.34
	10-20	0.63 (0.67)	0.05 (0.05)	2.44 (4.89)
Yakombo	0-10	0.59	0.06	1.96
	10-20	0.80 (0.71)	0.08 (0.07)	3.36 (2.66)
Gambaga	0-10	0.74	0.06	8.16
	10-20	0.80 (0.77)	0.07 (0.07)	8.64 (8.40)
Mean (depth)	0-10	0.71	0.07	6.21
	10-20	0.75	0.07	9.01
Lsd (5%)		†0.20 ‡0.14 *0.32	†0.02 ‡0.01 *0.03	†2.03 ‡1.29 *2.88
Fpr		††0.791 ‡‡0.525 **0.665	††0.007 ‡‡0.386 **0.871	††<0.001 ‡‡<0.001 **<0.001
CV (%)		33.50	33.80	29.50

(-) = Mean values for forest reserves; †Lsd for forest reserves; ‡Lsd for sampling depth;
 *Lsd for forest reserves/sampling depth interaction; ††Fpr for forest reserves; ‡‡Fpr for sampling depth; **Fpr for forest reserves/sampling depth interaction

Table 5: Mineral N variations under different forest reserves in the Guinea savanna agro-ecological zone of Ghana

Forest reserve	Soil depth (cm)	NO ₃ ⁻ (mg/kg)	NH ₄ ⁺	NH ₄ ⁺ : NO ₃
Kenikeni	0-10	15.87	11.59	0.73
	10-20	11.11	0.50	0.05
		(13.49)	(6.04)	(0.39)
Sinsablegbinni	0-10	11.49	3.80	0.33
	10-20	12.59	0.43	0.03
		(12.04)	(2.12)	(0.18)
Klupene	0-10	23.89	6.33	0.27
	10-20	13.46	2.04	0.15
		(18.68)	(4.18)	(0.21)
^w Mean	0-10	17.08	7.24	0.44
	10-20	12.39	0.99	0.08
Lsd (5%)		†1.85	†0.89	†0.07
		‡1.51	‡0.73	‡0.06
		*2.62	*1.26	*0.10
Fpr		††<0.001	††<0.001	††<0.001
		‡‡<0.001	‡‡<0.001	‡‡<0.001
		**<0.001	**<0.001	**<0.001
CV (%)		47.30	47.40	2.00

(^w) = Mean values for forest reserves; †Lsd for forest reserves; ‡Lsd for sampling depth; *Lsd for forest reserves/sampling depth interaction; ††Fpr for forest reserves; ‡‡Fpr for sampling depth; **Lsd for forest reserves/sampling depth interaction

Table 6: Summary of results on exchangeable bases under different reserves in the Guinea savanna agro-ecological zone of Ghana

Forest Reserve	Depth (cm)	Exchangeable bases (cmol ₍₊₎ /kg soil)			
		K	Mg	Na	Ca
Kenikeni	0-10	0.17	1.82	0.06	2.86
	10-20	0.20 (0.18)	1.88 (1.85)	0.07 (0.07)	3.13 (2.99)
Sinsablegbinni	0-10	0.16	1.91	0.06	3.41
	10-20	0.15 (0.16)	2.43 (2.17)	0.06 (0.06)	3.54 (3.47)
Klupene	0-10	0.12	1.39	0.04	3.31
	10-20	0.12 (0.12)	1.79 (1.59)	0.04 (0.04)	3.71 (3.51)
Yakombo	0-10	0.07	1.87	0.03	3.74
	10-20	0.08 (0.07)	2.89 (2.38)	0.04 (0.04)	5.23 (4.49)
Gambaga	0-10	0.28	2.30	0.08	4.49
	10-20	0.24 (0.24)	1.82 (2.06)	0.07 (0.07)	3.52 (4.01)
Mean (depth)	0-10	0.16	1.86	0.05	3.56
	10-20	0.16	2.16	0.06	3.83
Lsd (5%)		†0.04	†1.01	†0.01	†1.61
		‡0.03	‡0.64	‡0.009	‡1.02
		*0.06	*1.43	*0.02	*2.28
Fpr		††<0.001	††0.569	††<0.001	††0.407
		‡‡0.874	‡‡0.340	‡‡0.574	‡‡0.600
		**0.448	**0.648	**0.830	**0.660
CV (%)		28.30	55.40	26.70	48.10

() = Mean values for forest reserves; †Lsd for forest reserves; ‡Lsd for sampling depth;
 *Lsd for forest reserves/sampling depth interaction; ††Fpr for forest reserves; ‡‡Fpr for sampling depth; **Lsd for forest reserves/sampling depth interaction

Table 7: Summary of some soil chemical properties under different forest reserves in the Guinea savanna agro-ecological zone of Ghana

Forest reserve	Soil depth (cm)	EA (cmol _(c) /kg)	ECEC (cmol _(c) /kg)	BS (%)	TEB	Ph
Kenikeni	0-10	0.12	6.49	97.91	6.37	6.40
	10-20	0.12 (0.12)	6.48 (6.48)	97.52 (97.58)	6.36 (6.36)	6.30 (6.40)
Sinsablegbinni	0-10	0.14	5.67	97.32	5.53	6.10
	10-20	0.13 (0.14)	6.33 (6.00)	97.15 (97.24)	6.19 (5.86)	6.10 (6.10)
Klupene	0-10	0.13	5.65	97.52	5.52	6.30
	10-20	0.14 (0.14)	5.80 (5.73)	97.55 (97.53)	5.66 (5.59)	6.20 (6.20)
Yakomba	0-10	0.23	5.94	95.26	5.71	5.90
	10-20	0.14 (0.18)	8.37 (7.16)	97.04 (96.15)	8.24 (6.97)	6.10 (6.00)
Gambaga	0-10	0.14	7.28	97.94	7.14	6.00
	10-20	0.14 (0.14)	5.79 (6.54)	97.46 (97.70)	5.65 (6.39)	5.90 (6.00)
^w Mean	0-10	0.15	6.21	97.19	6.05	6.10
	10-20	0.13	6.55	97.34	6.42	6.10
Lsd (5%)		[†] 0.06	[†] 2.05	[†] 1.81	[†] 2.77	[†] 0.35
		[‡] 0.04	[‡] 1.74	[‡] 1.14	[‡] 1.75	[‡] 0.22
		*0.09	*3.88	*2.56	*3.91	*0.50
Fpr		^{††} 0.287	^{††} 0.856	^{††} 0.382	^{††} 0.872	^{††} 0.097
		^{‡‡} 0.365	^{‡‡} 0.688	^{‡‡} 0.788	^{‡‡} 0.675	^{‡‡} 0.730
		**0.444	**0.703	**0.704	**0.690	**0.757
CV (%)		47.30	47.40	2.00	48.90	6.30

(^w) = Mean values for forest reserves; [†]Lsd for forest reserves; [‡]Lsd for sampling depth;
* Lsd for forest reserves/sampling depth interaction; ^{††}Fpr for forest reserves; ^{‡‡}Fpr for sampling depth; **Fpr for forest reserves/sampling depth interaction; ^wMean = Mean across the soil depth; EA = Exchangeable acidity; BS = Base saturation; TEB = Total exchangeable bases; ECEC = Effective cation exchange capacity

Table 8: Microbial biomass in the different forest reserves at different soil depths

Forest reserve	Soil depth (cm)	Microbial biomass (mg/kg)			Microbial quotient (%)		
		C _{mic}	N _{mic}	P _{mic}	qC _{mic}	qN _{mic}	qP _{mic}
Kenikeni	0-10	100.80	11.99	3.12	1.84	0.22	0.06
	10-20	44.30 (72.50)	2.40 (7.20)	0.71 (2.07)	0.71 (1.27)	0.04 (0.13)	0.02 (0.04)
Sinsablegbinni	0-10	49.30	2.30	3.54	0.61	0.03	0.05
	10-20	52.80 (51.00)	6.90 (4.60)	3.21 (3.38)	0.72 (0.67)	0.10 (0.06)	0.04 (0.04)
Klupene	0-10	130.10	19.06	4.58	2.41	0.36	0.08
	10-20	98.40 (114.30)	20.76 (19.91)	2.27 (3.43)	1.93 (2.17)	0.40 (0.38)	0.04 (0.06)
Mean (Depth)	0-10	93.40	11.12	3.75	1.62	0.20	0.06
	10-20	65.20	10.02	2.17	1.12	0.18	0.03
Lsd (5%)		[†] 6.16	[†] 1.30	[†] 0.90	[†] 0.56	[†] 0.09	[†] 0.02
		[‡] 5.03	[‡] 1.06	[‡] 0.74	[‡] 0.46	[‡] 0.08	[‡] 0.02
		*8.72	*1.84	*1.28	*0.80	*0.13	*0.03
Fpr		^{††} <0.001	^{††} <0.001	^{††} <0.007	^{††} <0.001	^{††} <0.001	^{††} 0.095
		^{‡‡} <0.001	^{‡‡} <0.044	^{‡‡} <0.001	^{‡‡} <0.036	^{‡‡} 0.534	^{‡‡} 0.004
		**<0.001	**<0.001	**0.065	**0.100	**0.026	**0.155
CV (%)		8.30	13.20	32.80	44.30	40.40	50.10

() = Mean values for forest reserves; [†]Lsd for forest reserves; [‡]Lsd for sampling depth; *Lsd for forest reserves/sampling depth interaction; ^{††}Fpr for forest reserves; ^{‡‡}Fpr for sampling depth; **Fpr for forest reserves/sampling depth interaction; C_{mic} = Microbial biomass Carbon; N_{mic} = Microbial biomass Nitrogen; P_{mic} = Microbial biomass Phosphorus; SOC = Soil Organic Carbon; qC_{mic} = Microbial Carbon Quotient (C_{mic}/SOC x 100); qN_{mic} = Microbial Nitrogen Quotient (N_{mic}/N x 100); qP_{mic} = Microbial Phosphorus Quotient (P_{mic}/P x 100)

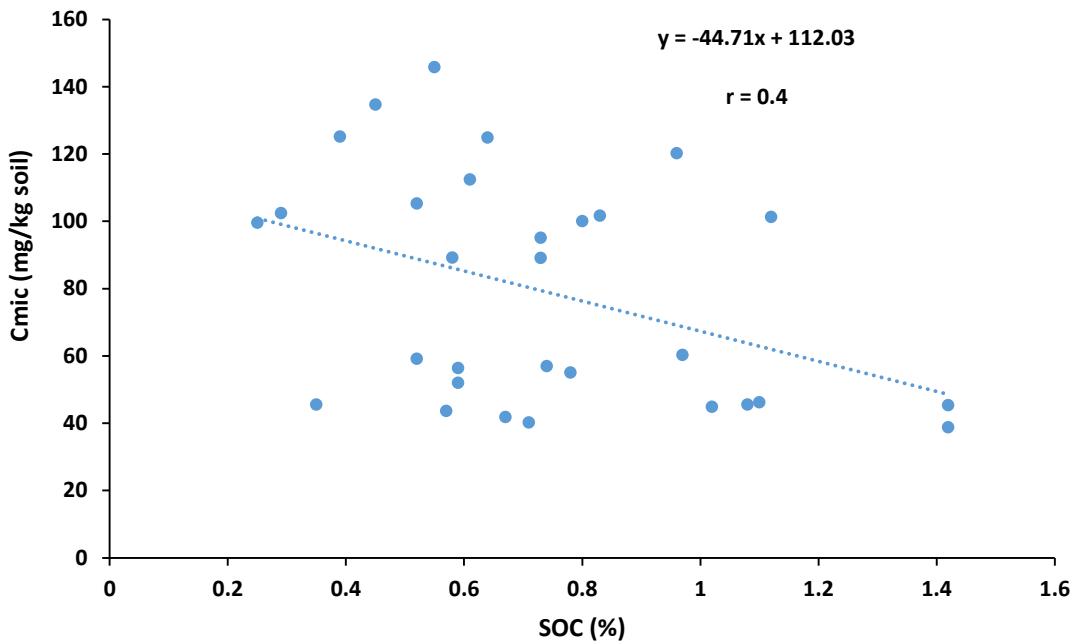


Fig 1: Relationship between soil microbial biomass C and SOC under the forest reserves

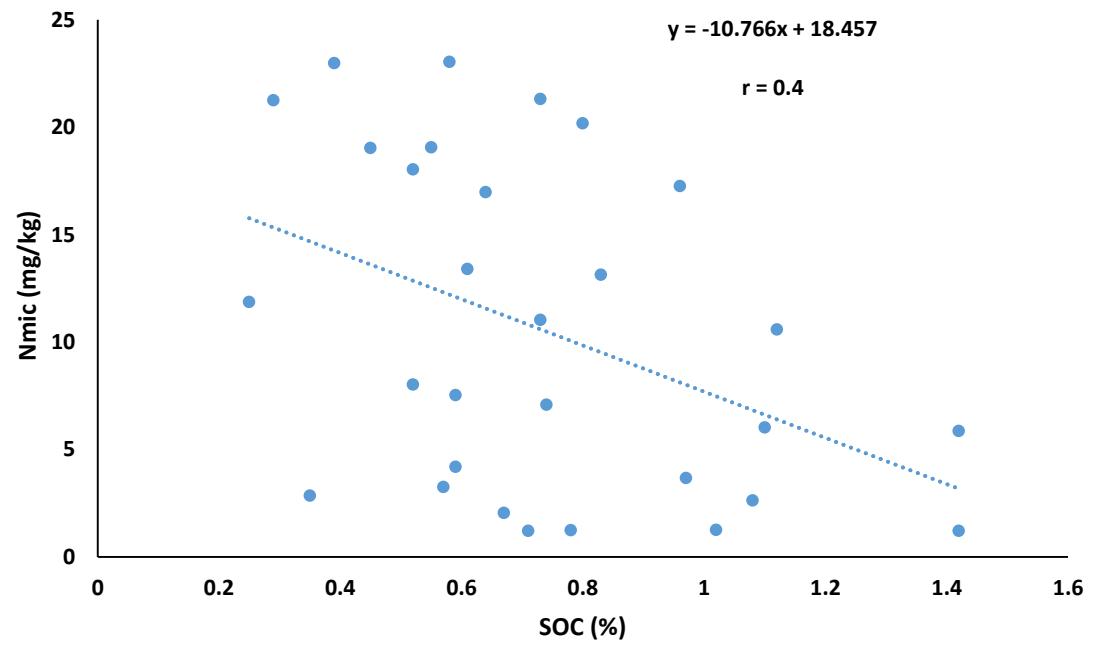


Fig. 2: Relationship between soil microbial biomass N and SOC under the forest reserves

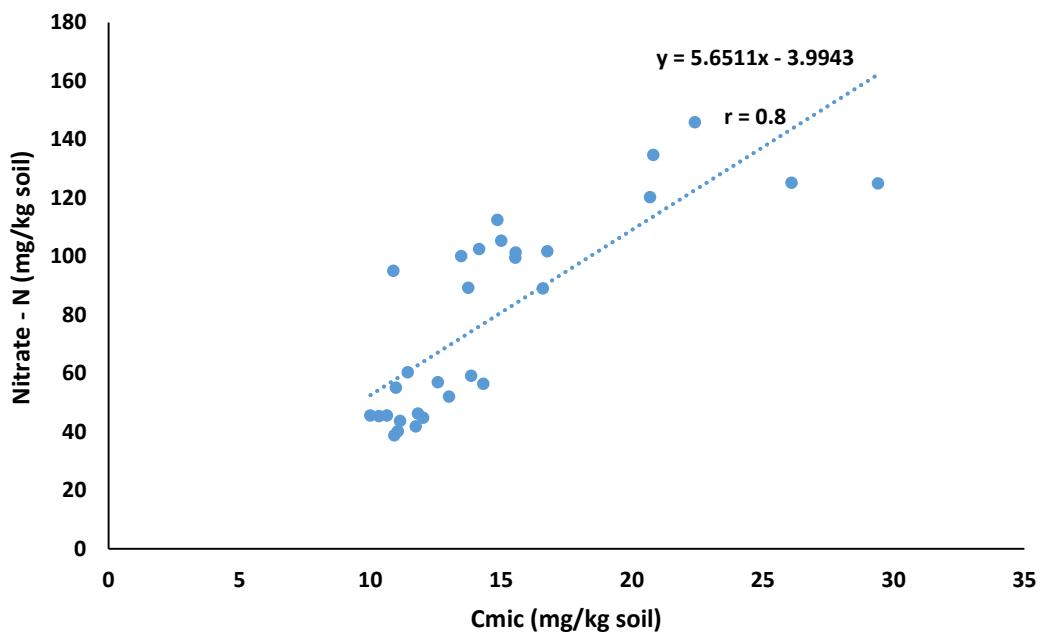


Fig. 3: Relationship between nitrate - N and microbial biomass C

Table 9: Microbial biomass carbon-to-nitrogen/phosphorus ratios

Forest reserve	Soil depth (cm)	Microbial biomass C:N/P ratios			
		C _{mic} /N _{mic}	C _{mic} /NH ₄ ⁺ _N	C _{mic} /NO ₃ ⁻ _N	C _{mic} /P _{mic}
Kenikeni	0-10	8.44	8.73	6.38	32.37
	10-20	20.63 (14.54)	90.50 (49.62)	4.01 (5.19)	45.40 (38.89)
Sinsablegbinni	0-10	27.76	14.31	4.29	14.42
	10-20	7.66 (17.71)	168.65 (91.48)	4.20 (4.25)	17.32 (15.87)
Klupene	0-10	6.90	20.79	5.56	30.17
	10-20	4.79 (5.85)	64.33 (42.56)	7.38 (6.47)	58.04 (44.10)
Mean (Depth)	0-10	14.37	14.61	5.41	25.66
	10-20	11.03	107.83	5.20	40.25
Lsd (5%)		[†] 6.06	[†] 33.66	[†] 0.73	[†] 13.65
		[‡] 4.95	[‡] 27.49	[‡] 0.59	[‡] 11.15
		*8.57	*47.61	*1.03	*19.30
Fpr		^{††} 0.002	^{††} 0.014	^{††} <0.001	^{††} <0.001
		^{‡‡} 0.175	^{‡‡} <.001	^{‡‡} 0.455	^{‡‡} 0.013
		**<0.001	**0.009	**<0.001	**0.184
CV (%)		51.20	58.90	14.70	44.40

(-) = Mean values for forest reserves; [†]Lsd for forest reserves; [‡]Lsd for sampling depth;
* Lsd for forest reserves/sampling depth interaction; ^{††}Fpr for forest reserves; ^{‡‡}Fpr for sampling depth; **Fpr for forest reserves/sampling depth interaction

Table 10: Relationship between microbial carbon quotient (qC_{mic}) and carbon stocks of the different soil fractions

Independent parameter (x)	Dependent parameter (y)	Regression eqn	r^2
C stock of small macroaggregates	qC_{mic}	$y = -0.63x + 5.42$	0.68
C stock of microaggregates	qC_{mic}	$y = -0.43x + 4.21$	0.90
C stock of silt + clay fractions	qC_{mic}	$y = 3.64x - 43.43$	0.99

Eqn: Equation

Table 11: Relationship between microbial N quotient (qN_{mic}) and carbon stocks of the different soil fractions

Independent parameter (x)	Dependent parameter (y)	Regression eqn	r^2
C stock of small macroaggregates	qN_{mic}	$y = -0.10x + 0.83$	0.57
C stock of microaggregates	qN_{mic}	$y = -0.07x + 0.64$	0.82
C stock of silt + clay fractions	qN_{mic}	$y = 0.66x - 7.94$	1.00

Eqn: Equation

Table 12: Relationship between microbial P quotient (qP_{mic}) and carbon stocks of the different soil fractions

Independent parameter (x)	Dependent parameter (y)	Regression eqn	r^2
C stock of small macroaggregates	qP_{mic}	$y = -0.07x + 0.10$	0.30
C stock of microaggregates	qP_{mic}	$y = -0.01x + 0.10$	0.57
C stock of silt + clay fractions	qP_{mic}	$y = 0.06x - 0.65$	0.91

Eqn: Equation

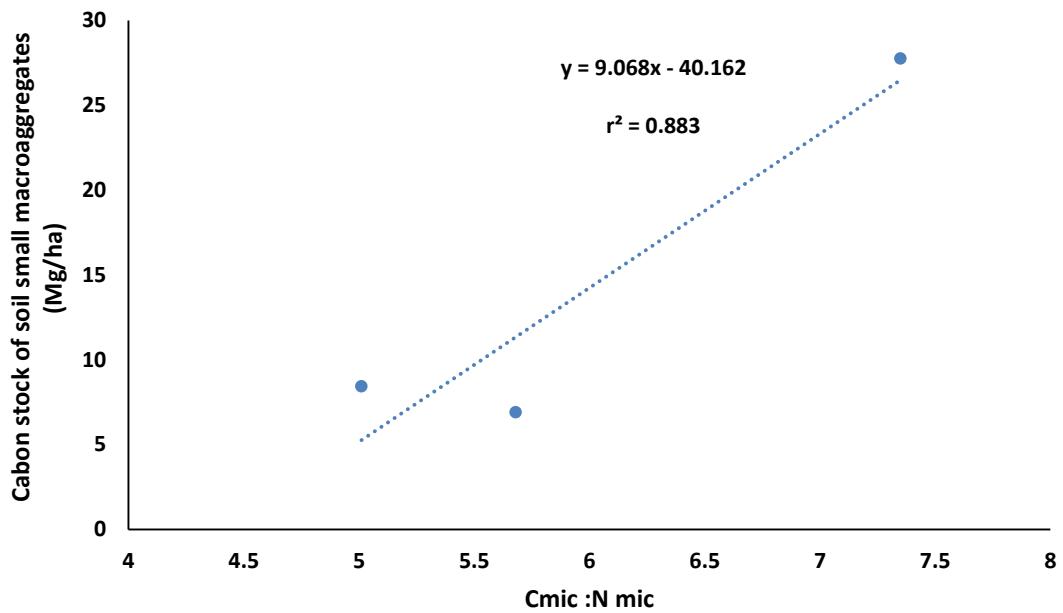


Fig. 4: Pooled relationship between carbon stock of the small macroaggregates and Cmic: ratio under the three forest reserves

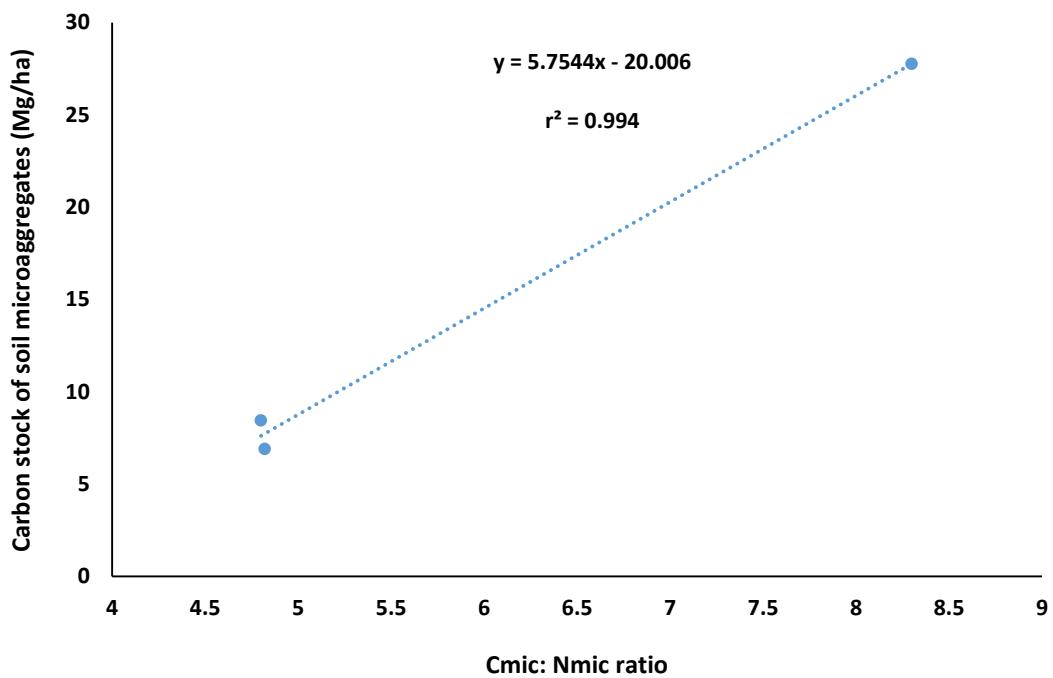


Fig. 5: Pooled relationship between carbon stock of the microaggregate fraction and Cmic: ratio under the three forest reserves

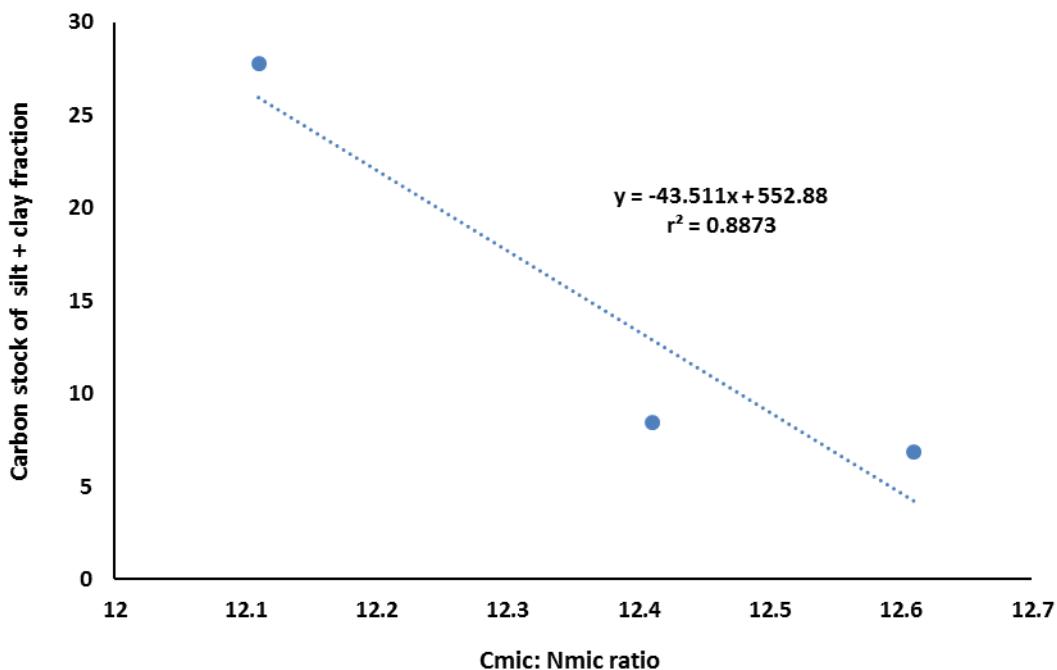


Fig. 6: Pooled relationship between carbon stock of the silt + clay fraction and Cmic: ratio under the three forest reserves

Table 14: Tree stand and carbon stock of various components of three forest reserves in the Guinea savanna zone of Ghana

Forest reserve	Total trees ha^{-1}	Carbon stock (Mg C ha^{-1})			¶Total
		Trees	Grass	Necromass	
Kenikeni	178	60.01	0.47	0.09	60.57
Sinsablegbinni	536	26.74	0.11	0.14	26.98
Klupene	169	6.61	0.08	0.29	6.98
Total*	883	93.36	0.66	0.52	94.54

*Total carbon stock for all the three forest reserves; ¶Total carbon stock for all components; ¶Total carbon stock for each forest reserve

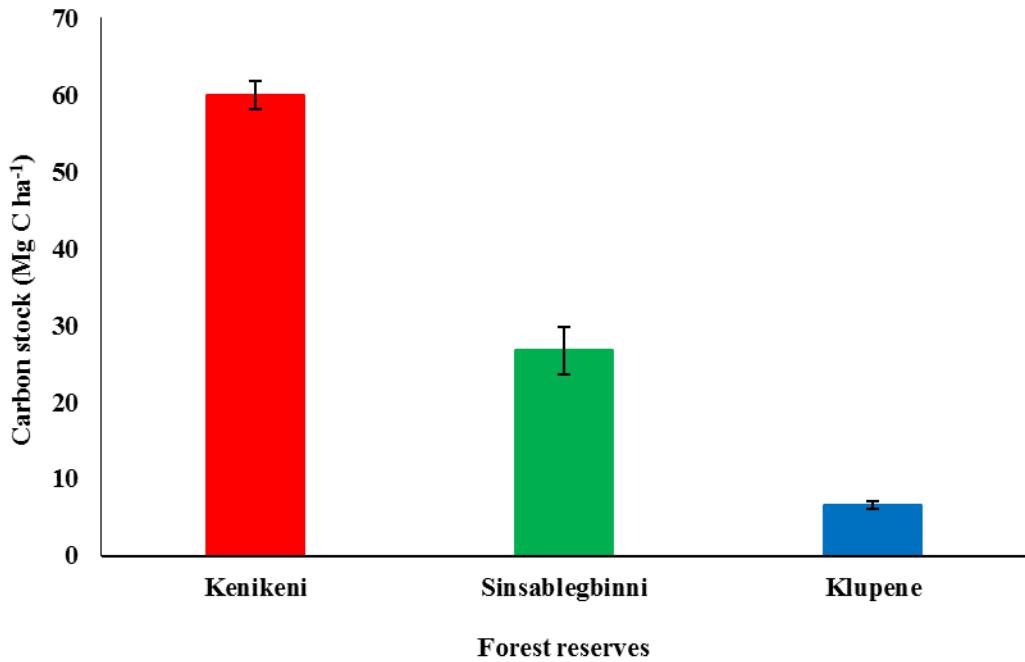


Figure 7: Carbon stock of trees with $> 10\ cm\ dbh$ in the three forest reserves

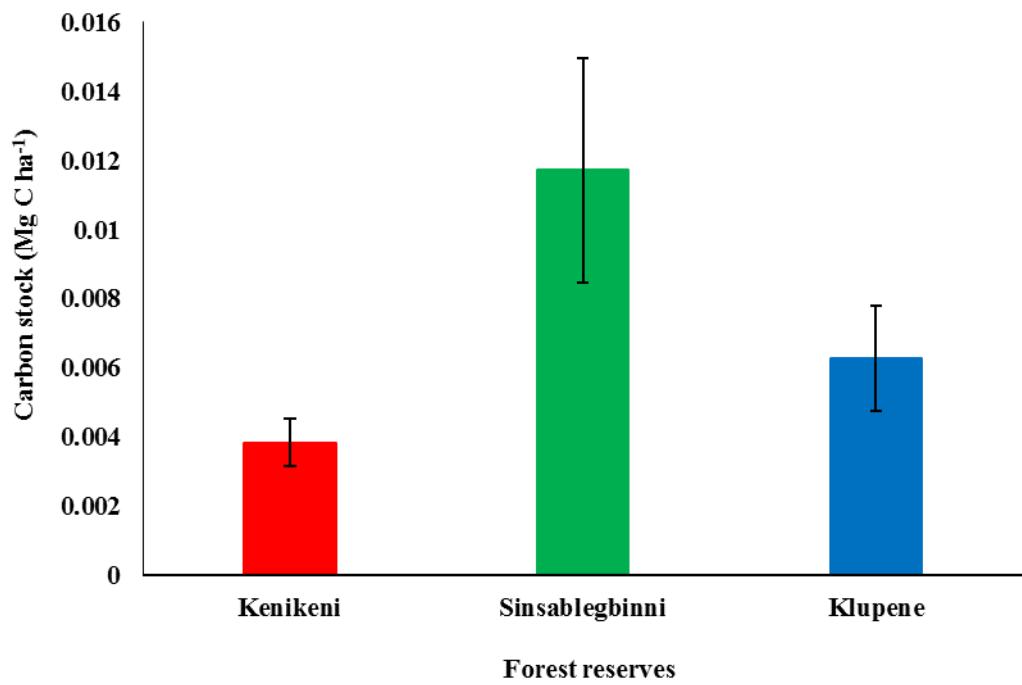
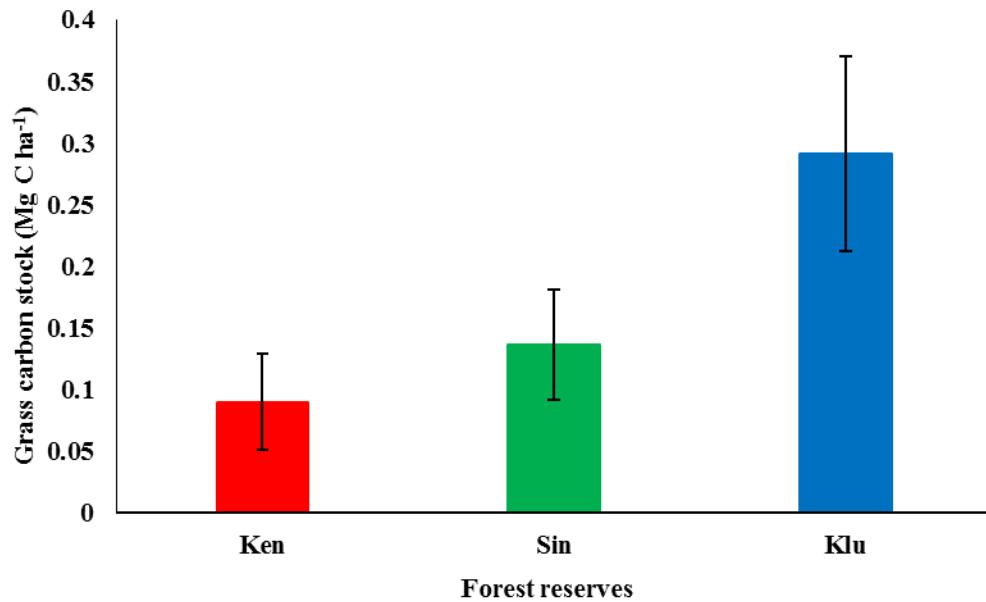
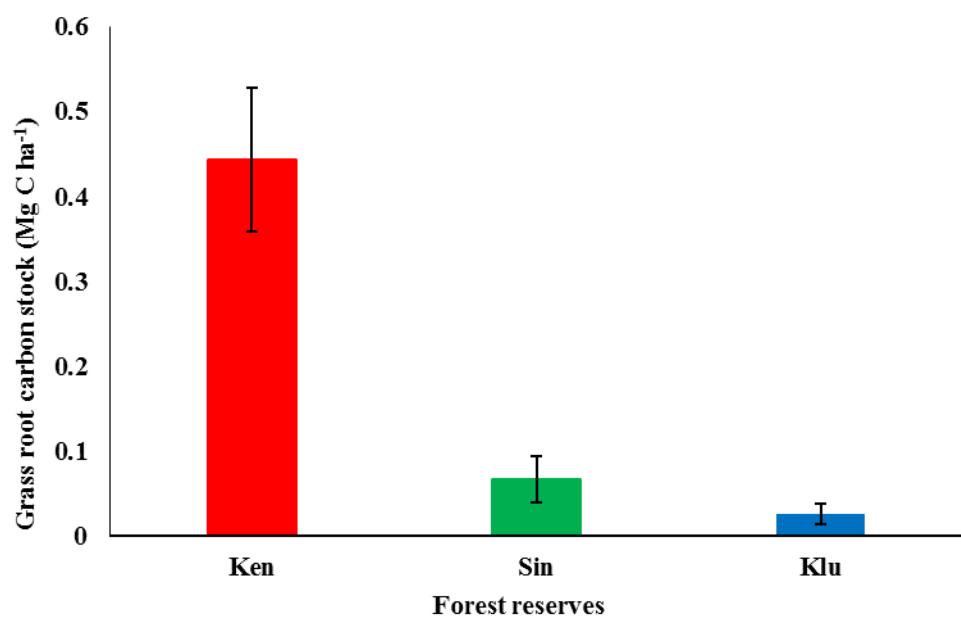


Figure 8: Carbon stock of trees with $< 10\ cm\ dbh$ in the three forest reserves



*Ken = Keniken forest reserve; Sin = Sinsablegbinni forest reserve; Klu = Klupene forest reserve

Figure 9: Aboveground grass carbon stock (Mg C ha⁻¹) in the three forest reserves



*Ken = Keniken forest reserve; Sin = Sinsablegbinni forest reserve; Klu = Klupene forest reserve

Figure 10: Belowground grass carbon stock (Mg C ha⁻¹) in the three forest reserves

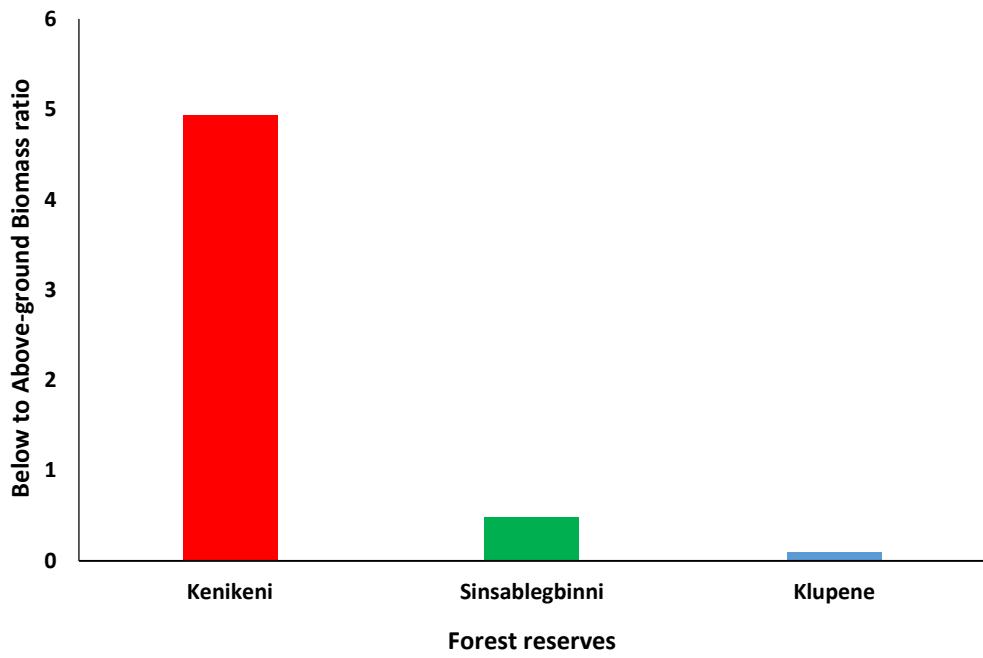


Fig. 11: Numerical representation of the below- to above-ground grass biomass carbon ratio

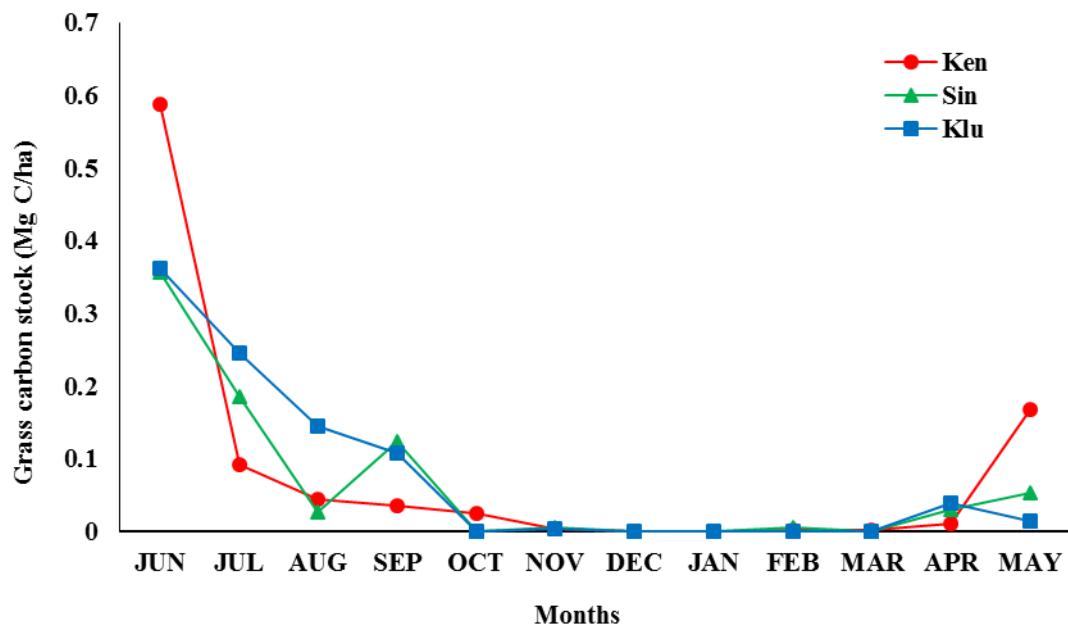


Figure 12: Trend of grass carbon stock in the three forest reserves

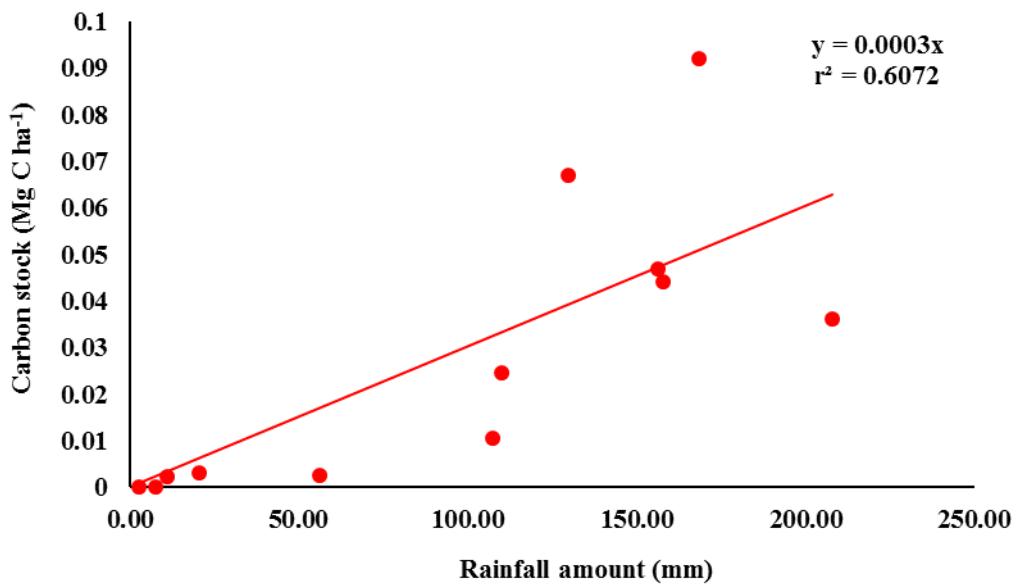


Figure 13: Rainfall amount and grass carbon stock in Keniken forest reserve

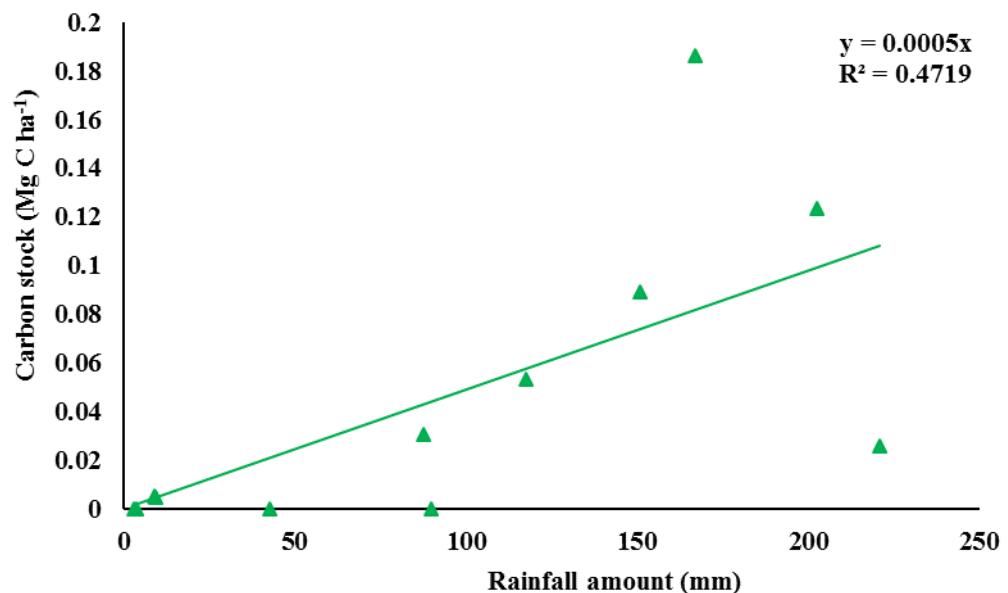


Figure 14: Rainfall amount and grass carbon stock in Sinsablegbinni forest reserve

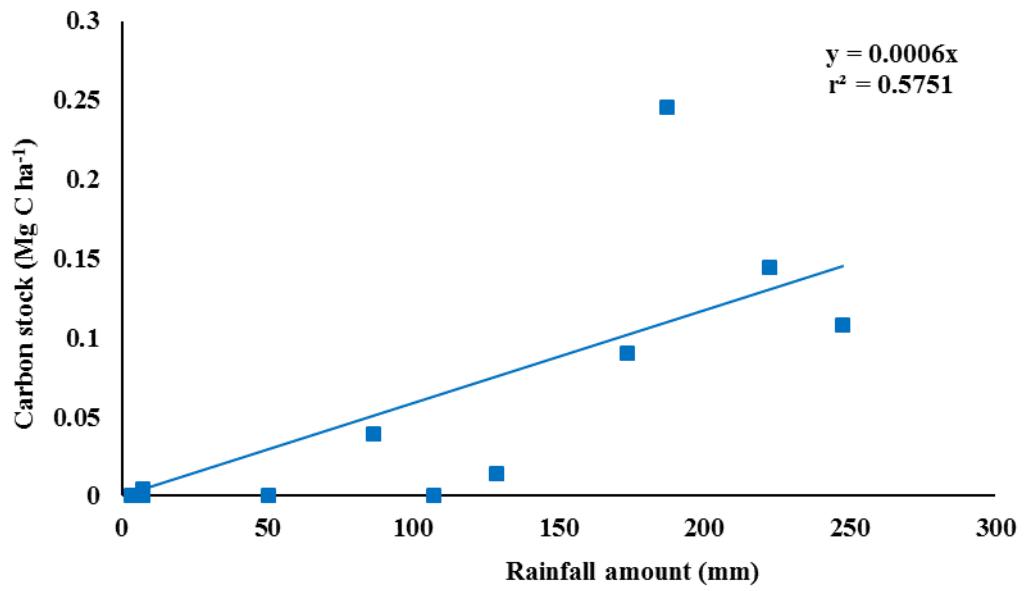


Figure 15: Rainfall amount and grass carbon stock in Klupene forest reserve

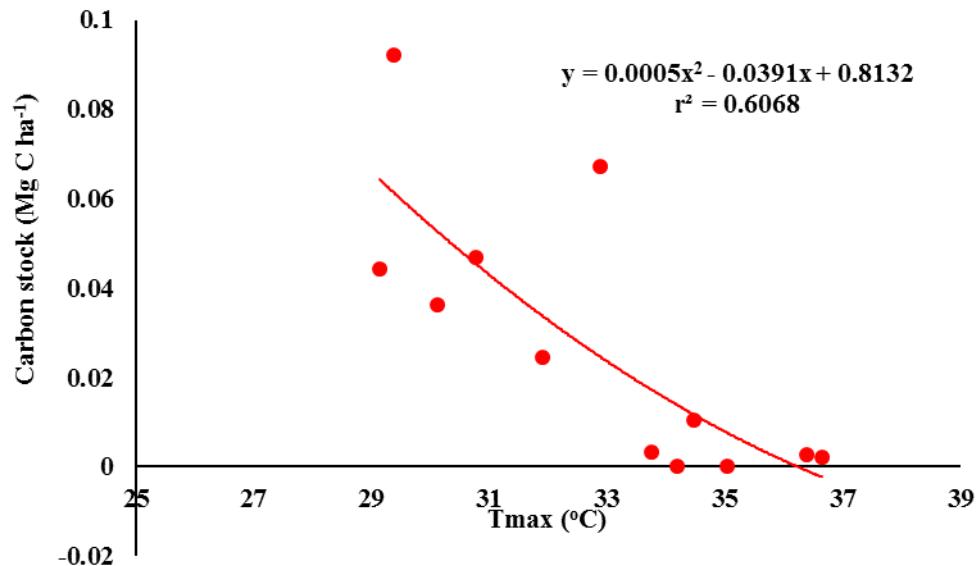


Figure 16: Maximum temperature (T_{max}) and grass carbon stock in Kenikeni forest reserve

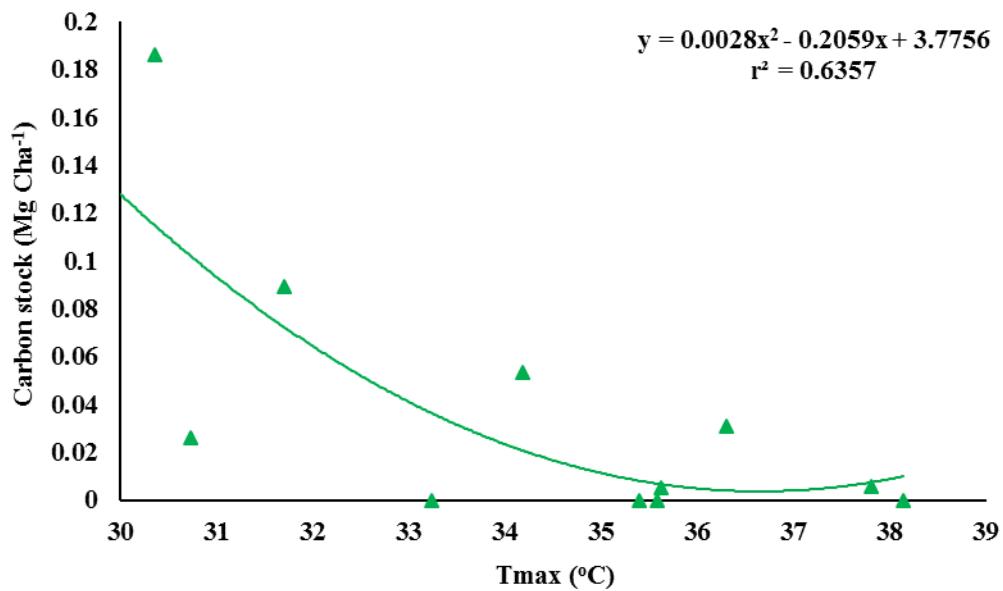


Figure 17: Maximum Temperature (Tmax) and grass carbon stock in Sinsablegbinni forest reserve

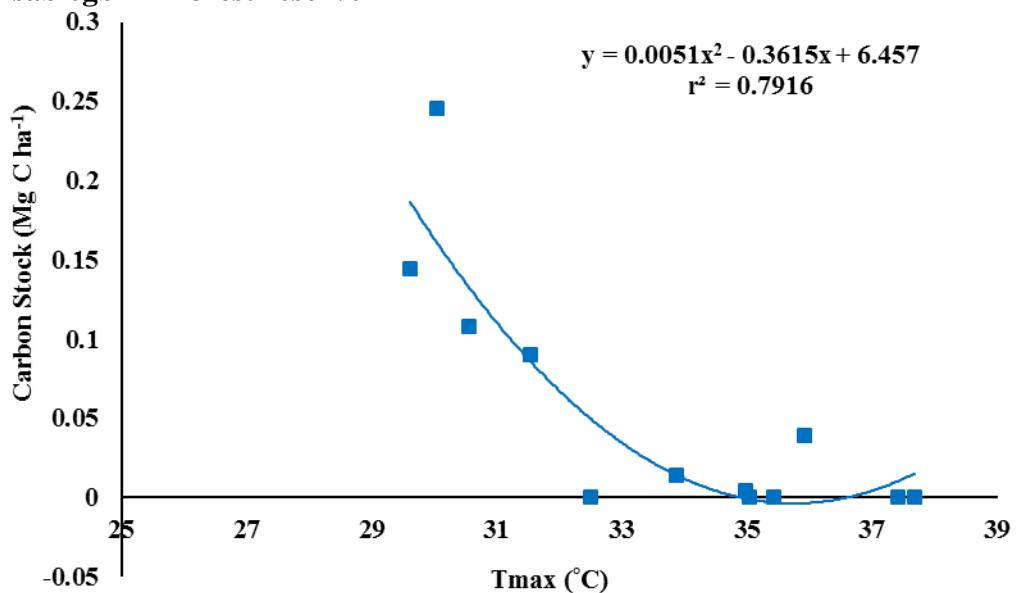


Figure 18: Maximum temperature (Tmax) and grass carbon stock in Klupene forest reserve

Table 15: Summary of grass carbon stock modelling

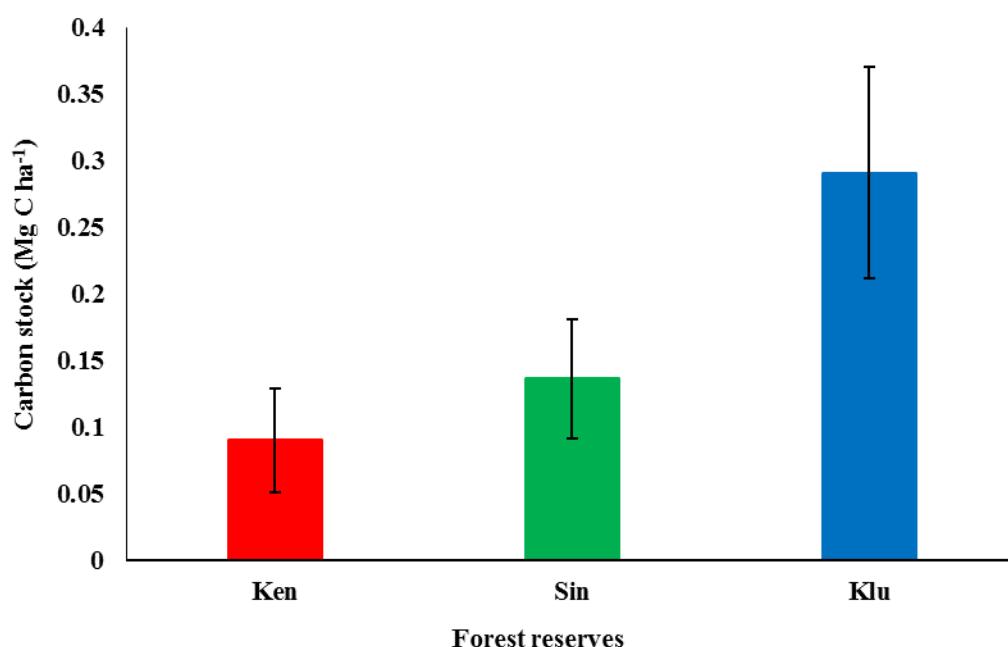
Site	Model	Prediction index	
		R ²	RMSE
Kenikeni Sinsablegbinni Klupene	Additive	0.660	0.017
		0.664	0.035
		0.816	0.034
	Pooled	0.556	0.039
Kenikeni Sinsablegbinni Klupene	Multiplicative	0.639	0.017
		0.567	0.040
		0.770	0.040
	Pooled	0.560	0.039

R² = Coefficient of determination; RMSE = Root mean square error

Table 16: Model parameters and predictive indices for grass carbon stock for the different forest reserves

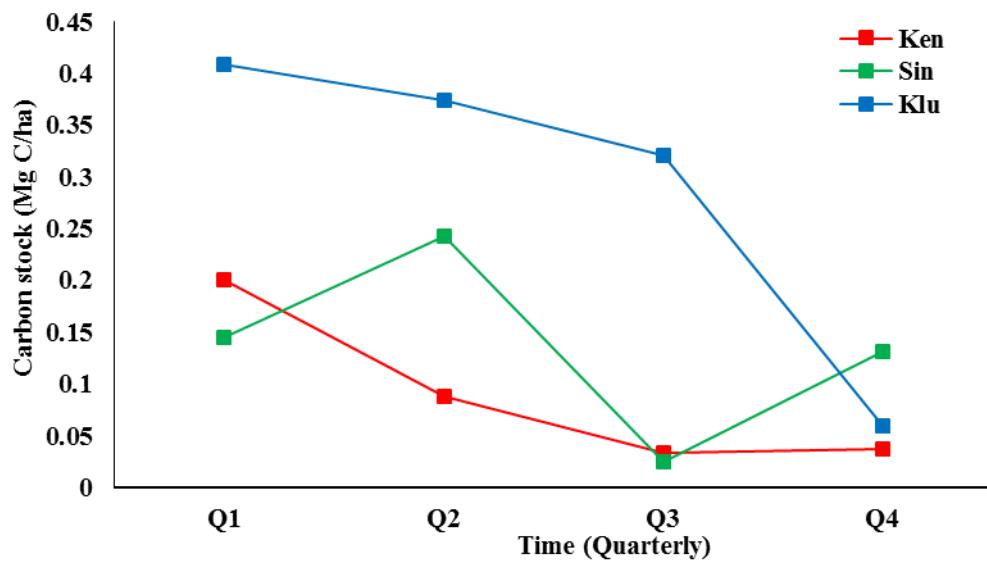
Site	†Model	Model parameters				Predictive index	
		<i>a</i>	<i>b₀</i>	<i>b₁</i>	<i>b₂</i>	R ²	RMSE
Kenikeni	Add	0.00018	0.00027	0.022	0.451	0.660	0.017
Sinsablegbinni		-0.00010	0.0031	0.229	4.214	0.664	0.035
Klupene		-0.00007	0.0053	0.379	6.795	0.816	0.034
		0.00028	0.0016	0.112	2.001	0.556	0.039
Kenikeni	Mult	0.00079	-0.0041	-0.233	-2.855	0.639	0.017
Sinsablegbinni		0.0054	0.0029	0.202	3.569	0.567	0.041
Klupene		0.0095	0.0029	0.202	3.529	0.770	0.040
		0.0026	0.0027	0.202	3.834	0.560	0.039

†Add = Additive effect; Mult = Multiplicative effect; Pooled = Pooled effect



Ken = Kenikeni forest reserve; Sin = Sinsablegbinni forest reserve; Klu = Klupene forest reserve

Figure 19: Necromass carbon stock in the three forest reserves



Ken = Kenikeni forest reserve; Sin = Sinsablegbinni forest reserve; Klu = Klupene forest reserve; Q1 = First quarter (June – August), Q2 = Second quarter (September – November); Q3 = Third quarter (December – February); Q4 = Fourth quarter (March – May)

Figure 20: Trend of necromass carbon stock in the three forest reserves