

Table 1. “Data Temperature Experiment (Sex Ratio & Male Infection Frequency)” contains the data of the temperature experiment described in our paper, in which we tested whether offspring sex ratios and male infection frequencies were affected by rearing temperature. Offspring sex ratios and *Wolbachia* infection frequencies of male offspring are given for PI-*Wolbachia* infected *Asobara japonica* females, for five different *Asobara japonica* strains at two different rearing temperatures.

Female ID: identifies the individual female

Strain: *Asobara japonica* strain name

Temperature: experimental rearing temperature

Clutch Size: total number of offspring

No. Daughters: total number of daughters

No. Sons: total number of sons

Sex Ratio: proportion of male offspring ($= \text{No. Sons} / (\text{No. Daughters} + \text{No. Sons})$)

No. Infected Sons: total number of sons infected with *Wolbachia*

No. Uninfected Sons: total number of sons not infected with *Wolbachia*

Infection Frequency Sons: proportion of *Wolbachia* infected sons ($= \text{No. Infected Sons} / (\text{No. Infected Sons} + \text{No. Uninfected Sons})$)

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