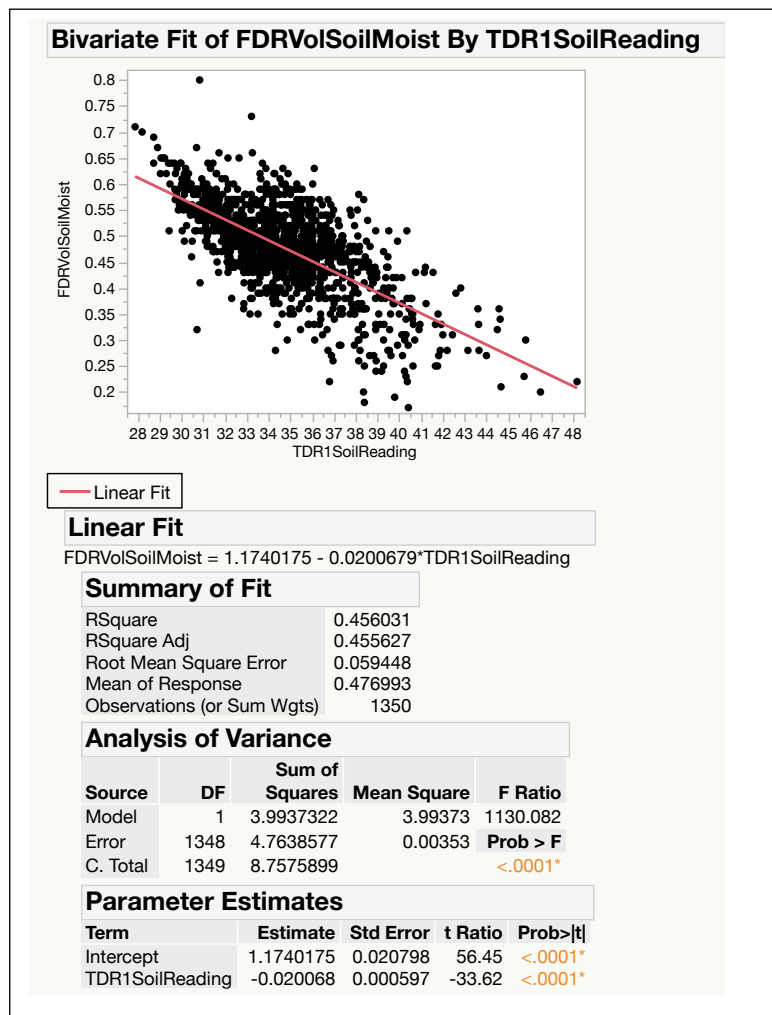


Cross-sensor regressions based on paired sensors in each of the 18 CARBONO plots

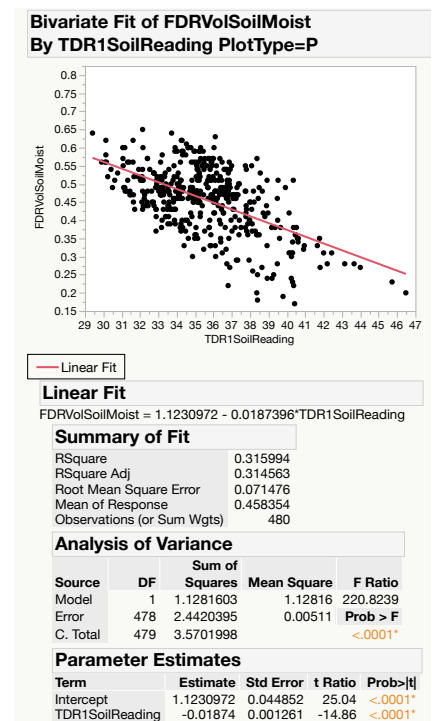
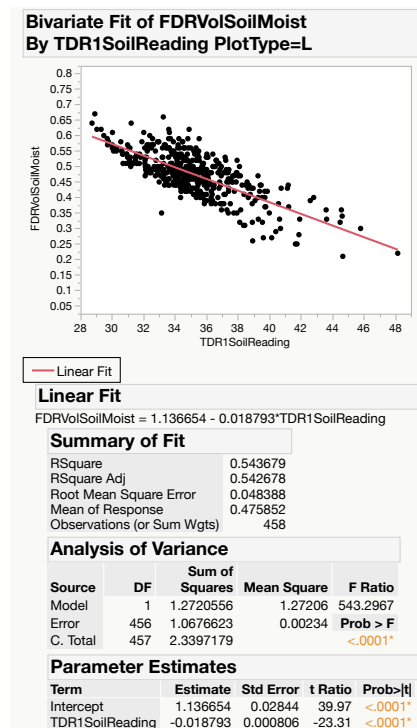
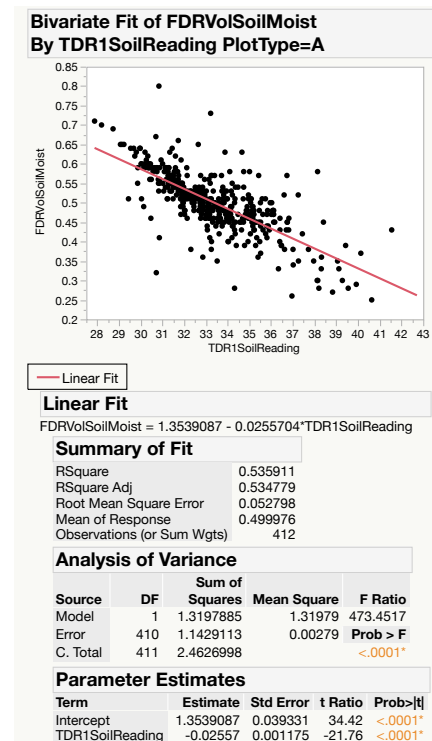
These regressions are based on the final, screened total data set through 11 Oct. 2018, the final biweekly readings of soil-moisture in the CARBONO plots. In the pre-regression screening, apparently anomalous data were removed (but preserved in the notes). Anomalies were identified during plot-wise screens of sorted FDR and TDR1 data, and by plot-level data-graph inspections. The finalized regression (below) is based on all the screened data from all 18 plots. For only one plot, A5, did the FDR data at the end of the record indicate sensor failure, and these data were filtered out of the dataset (see notes).

After data screening, at the individual plot level, all 18 plots each had a highly significant plot-level regression ($p < 0.0001$) between FDR and TDR sensors, but the r^2 values varied widely (0.82 to 0.17). The large range in plot-level r^2 we attribute to the marked microspatial soil variation within the plots (in some plots, the two sensors could have been in quite different soil conditions – e.g., only one affected by a leaf-cutter ant nest). The highly significant regressions between sensor types indicate that the long-term FDR sensors were still working well in most plots (A5, with a failed FDR sensor at the end of the period, is the exception; see below). Also, when plots had 2 TDR sensors, the two TDR sensors were highly correlated (see last graph).

The FDR-TDR regression based on all screened data from all 18 plots:



Because the FDR-TDR regressions differed among the 3 plot types (A, L, P; 6 CARBONO plots per type), we used the plot-type-specific regressions for gap-filling the finalized soil-moisture data based on TDR data when an FDR value was lacking. The three plot-type regressions:



The data from the CARBONO plots with two simultaneously deployed TDR sensors (TDR1, TDR2) showed high correlation between the two sensors in the plot, indicating the reliability of the TDR sensors:

